

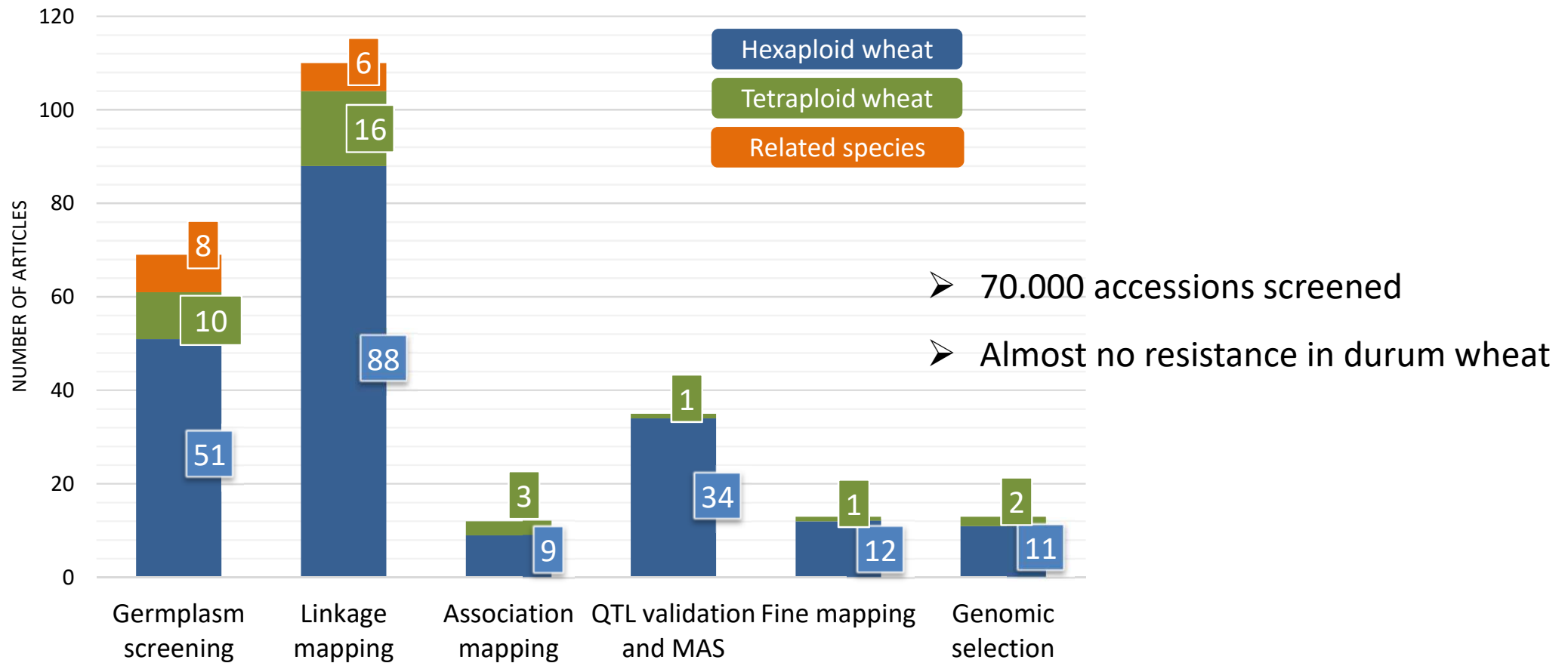


Update on research activities for Fusarium resistance in durum wheat

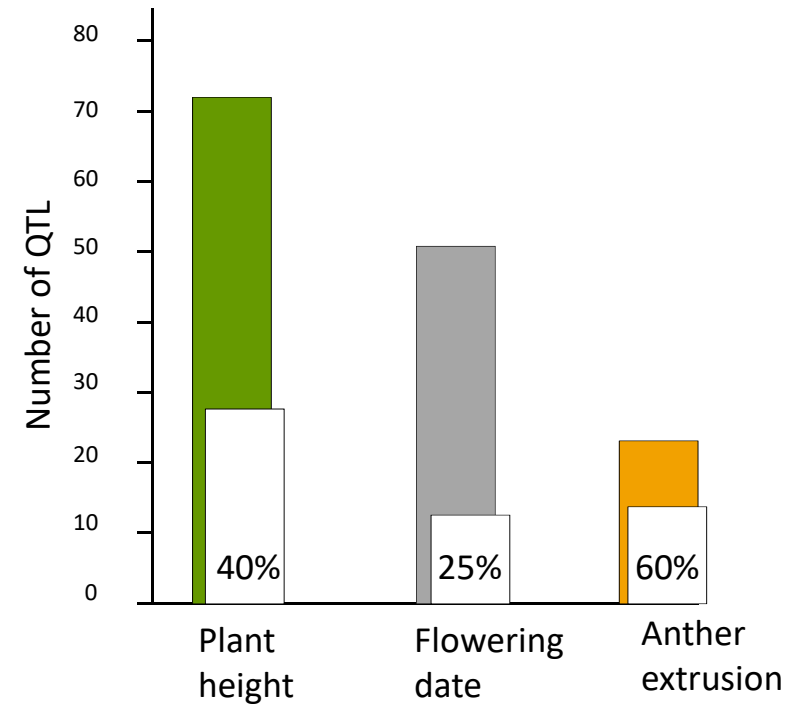
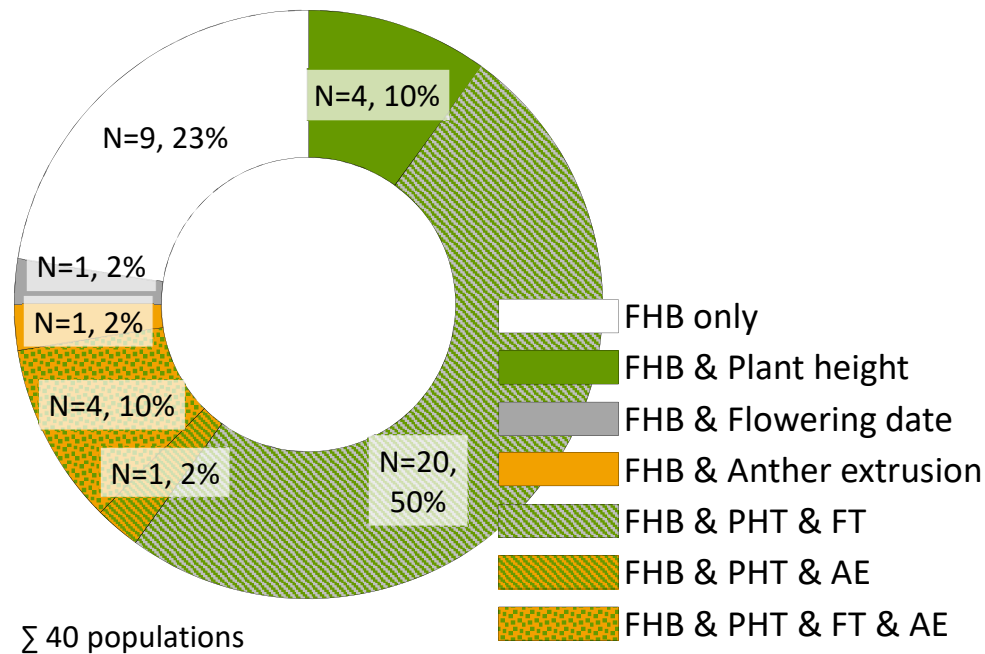
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'FHB resistance breeding articles' published up to 2019



FHB resistance and plant height, flowering date, anther extrusion

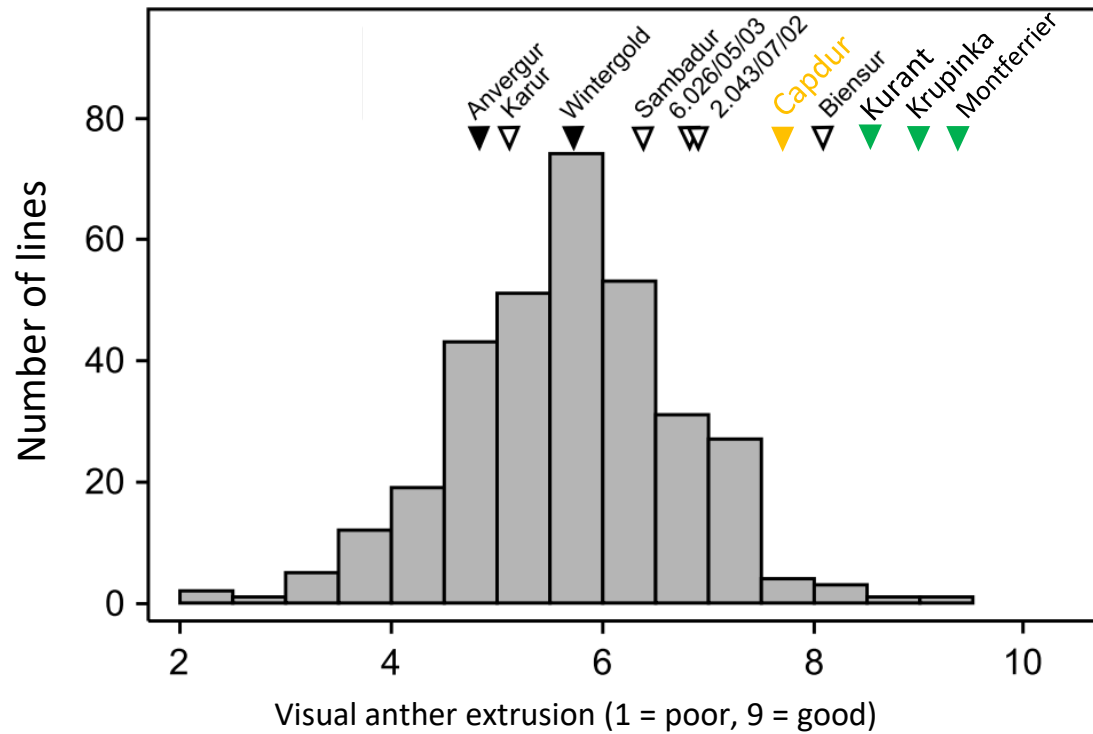


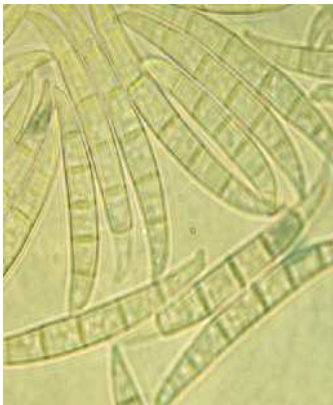
- 60% of the QTL for anther extrusion overlap with QTL for FHB resistance
- Role of anther extrusion in FHB resistance of durum wheat is unknown

Variation for anther extrusion in durum wheat

Akel W, Rapp M, Thorwarth P, Wurschum T, Longin CFH, 2019 TAG 132:921
Hybrid durum wheat: heterosis of grain yield and quality traits and genetic architecture of anther extrusion

- 315 elite durum cultivars evaluated
- quantitative inheritance





Improving FHB resistance in durum wheat

- 1) Investigate the role of anther extrusion in FHB resistance
- 2) Enhance the FHB resistance level by introgressing resistance alleles from *T. aestivum*, *T. dicoccoides*, *T. dicoccum*
- 3) Investigate the genetic architecture of FHB resistance in the elite durum wheat gene pool

Plant Material

Characterize elite durum		Deployment of <i>Fhb1</i>	Pyramide <i>Fhb1</i> with other resistance QTL	Combine high anther extrusion, <i>Fhb1</i> , <i>Rht-B1b</i>
world-wide collection of elite durum cultivars	Durum cultivars	Karur, Durobonus, SZD1029K, Floradur		Capdur (high anther extrusion)
	Resistance donors	DBC480 <i>Fhb1</i> (Sumai3) BC ₅ in Semperdur <i>Rht-B1a</i>	DBC480 Mt.Hermon22 (<i>T. dicoccoides</i>) Mt.Gerizim36 (<i>T. dicoccoides</i>) BC ₁ lines in Helidur Td161 (<i>T. dicoccum</i>) BC ₁ lines in Helidur and Floradur	P17.29 P17.54 Both carry <i>Fhb1</i> , <i>Rht-B1b</i>
228 cultivars	Number of lines/populati	311 RILs 3 bi-parental	450 RILs 10 four-parental	220 RILs 2 bi-parental

Phenotyping for FHB resistance

FHB nursery with mist-irrigation system, spray-inoculation at anthesis

Visual disease assessment 4 time-points post anthesis -> AUDPC

Additional traits: plant height, anthesis date

anther retention (Capdur crosses)

% florets with at least one anther retained

~7 days post anthesis (20 florets/plot)

Evaluations over 3 years -> durum cultivars, 2-way crosses

5 years -> 4-way crosses

1 year -> Capdur crosses

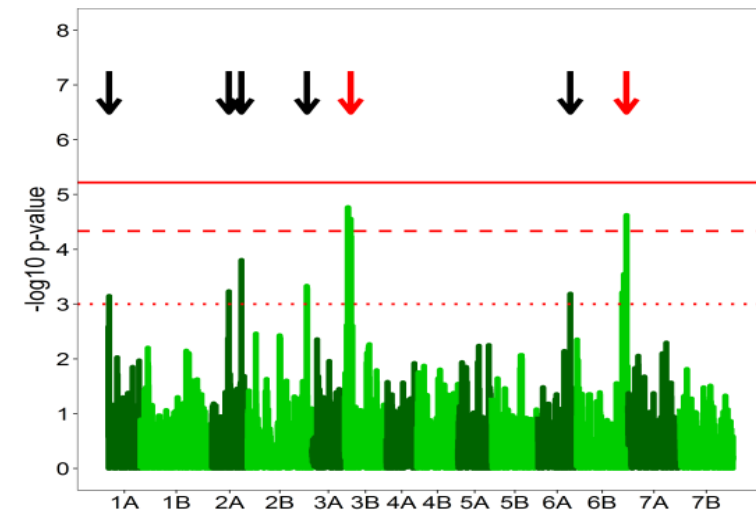
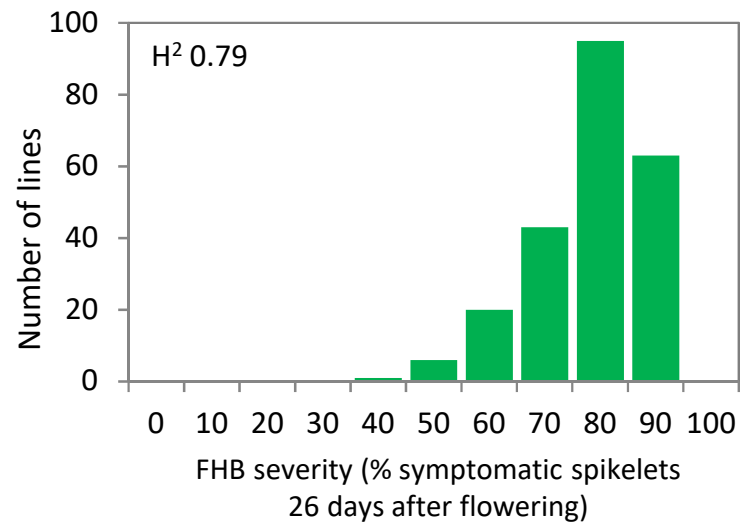
Genotyping

Elite spring durum cultivars: 90K SNP assay (Univ. Bologna) ~ 8K polymorphic markers

Experimental lines: GBS with the DArTseq platform ~5K polymorphic per population



Characterize elite durum wheat - phenotypic variation and mapping FHB resistance



Associations of FHB resistance with
Flowering date $r=0.09^{ns}$
Plant height $r=-0.29^{**}$

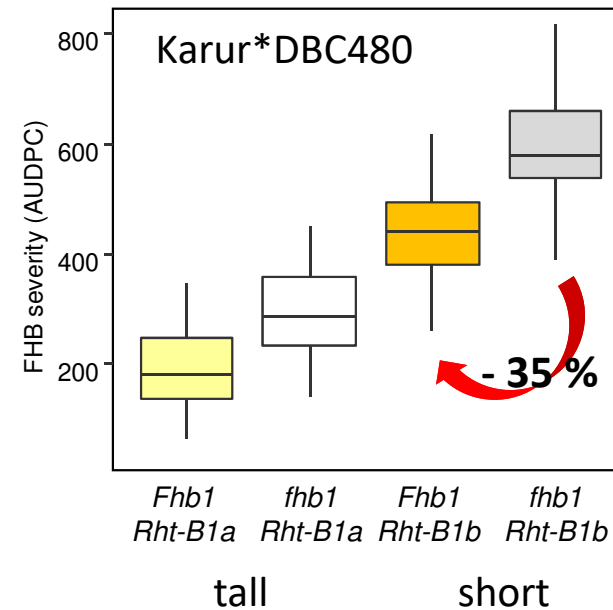
- Seven minor QTL for FHB resistance
- Co-localization with plant height QTL
- Independent resistance QTL on chr 3B in *Fhb1* interval

Deployment of *Fhb1* in durum wheat

Chr.	DBC480 *Karur		DBC480 *Durobonus		DBC480 *SZD1029K	
	%PV	LOD	%PV	LOD	%PV	LOD
<i>Rht-B1</i>	64.2	35.0	38.4	18.6	19.4	10.7
<i>Fhb1</i>	11.1	10.8	14.0	8.7	5.0	3.3
2BL	4.3	4.8				
4AL					18.8	10.4
5AL			6.2	4.3		
6AS					24.9	12.9

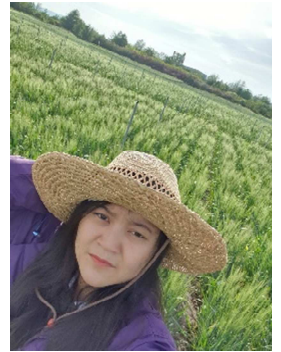
Despite strong plant height effect ->
short lines carrying *Fhb1* show enhanced resistance

-> *Fhb1* also effective in durum wheat

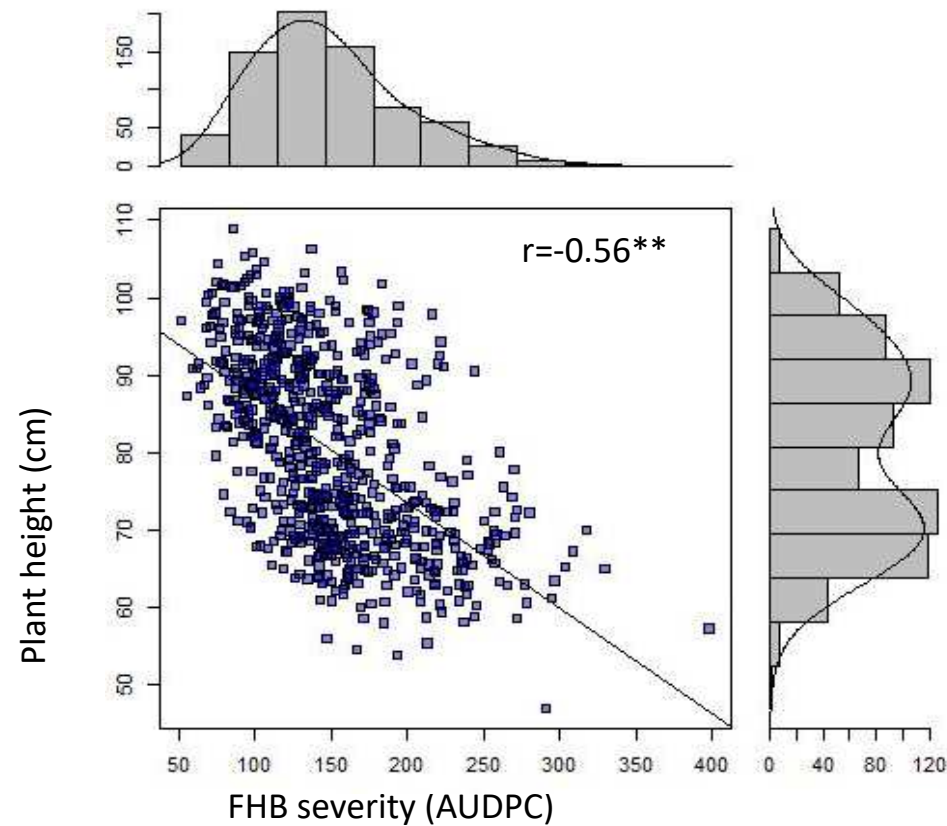


Noemie Prat

Pyramidisation of *Fhb1* with resistance QTL derived from *T. dicoccoides* and *T. dicoccum* – phenotypic variation

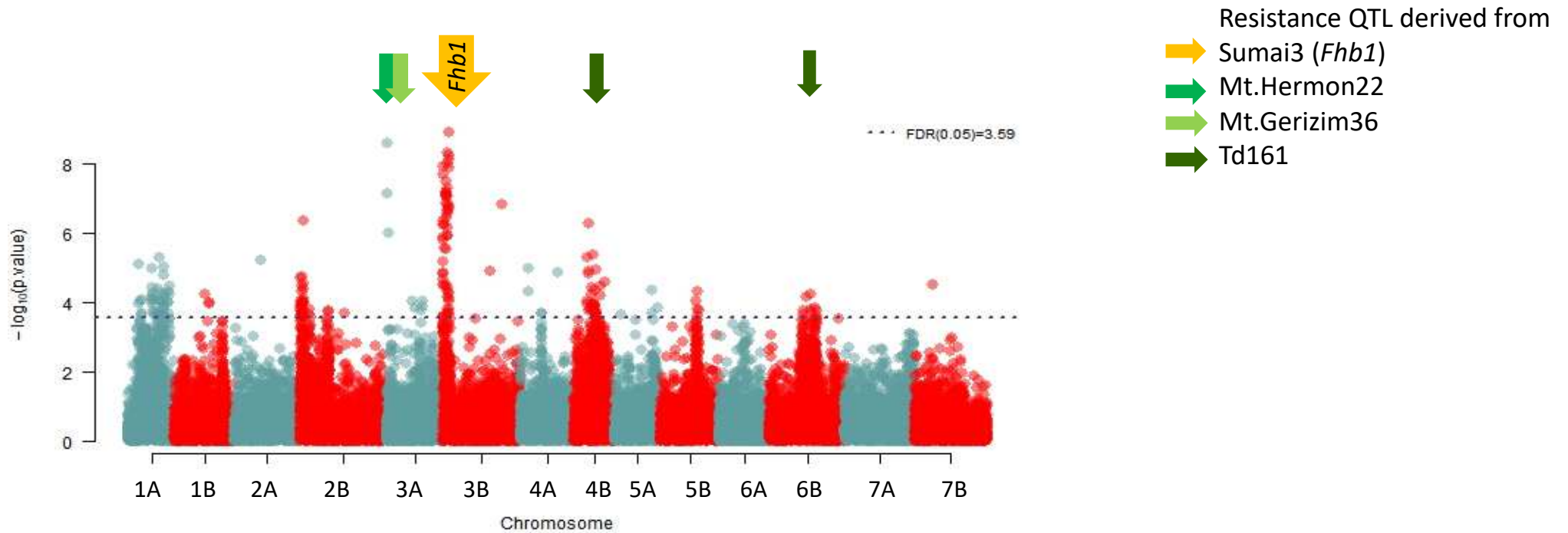


Kirana Rizky Psthika



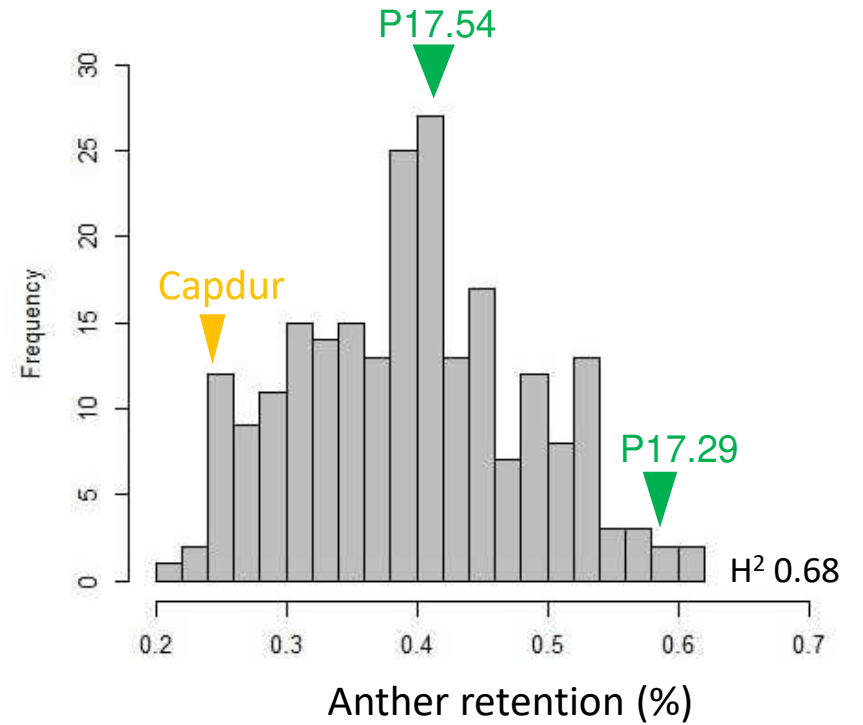
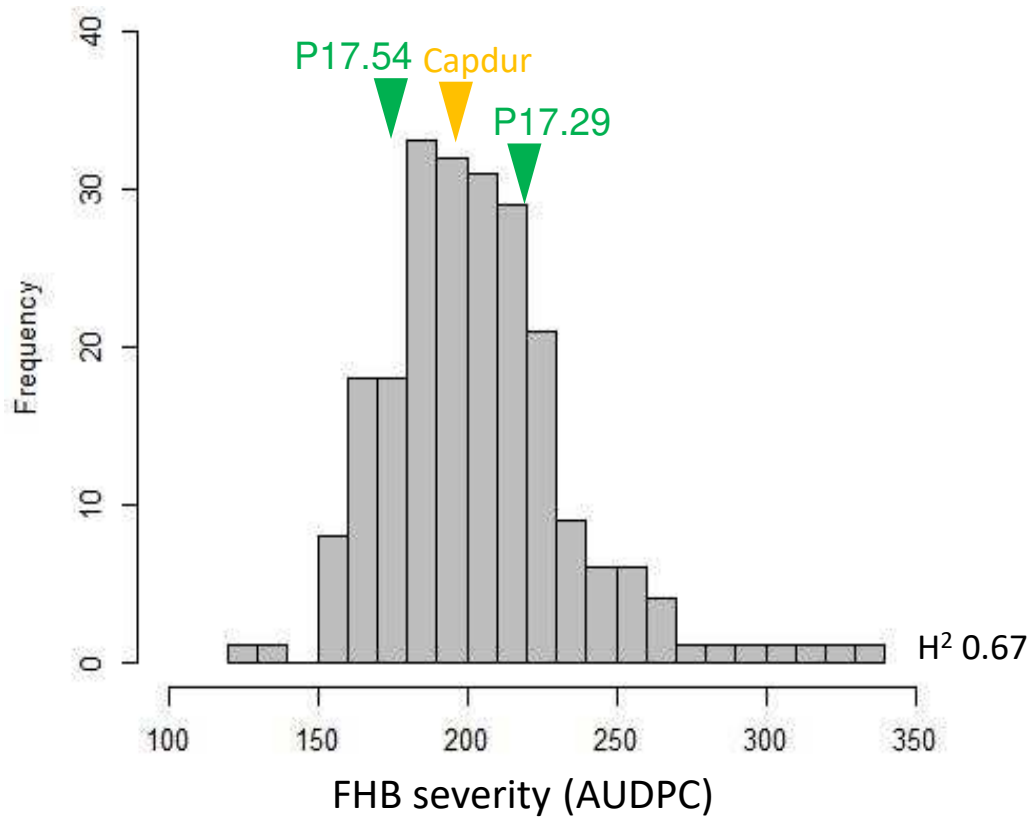
- High heritability for all traits (0.81 – 0.94)
- correlations between: FHB resistance – plant height/flowering date

Pyramidisation of *Fhb1* with resistance QTL derived from *T. dicoccoides* and *T. dicoccum* – mapping FHB resistance

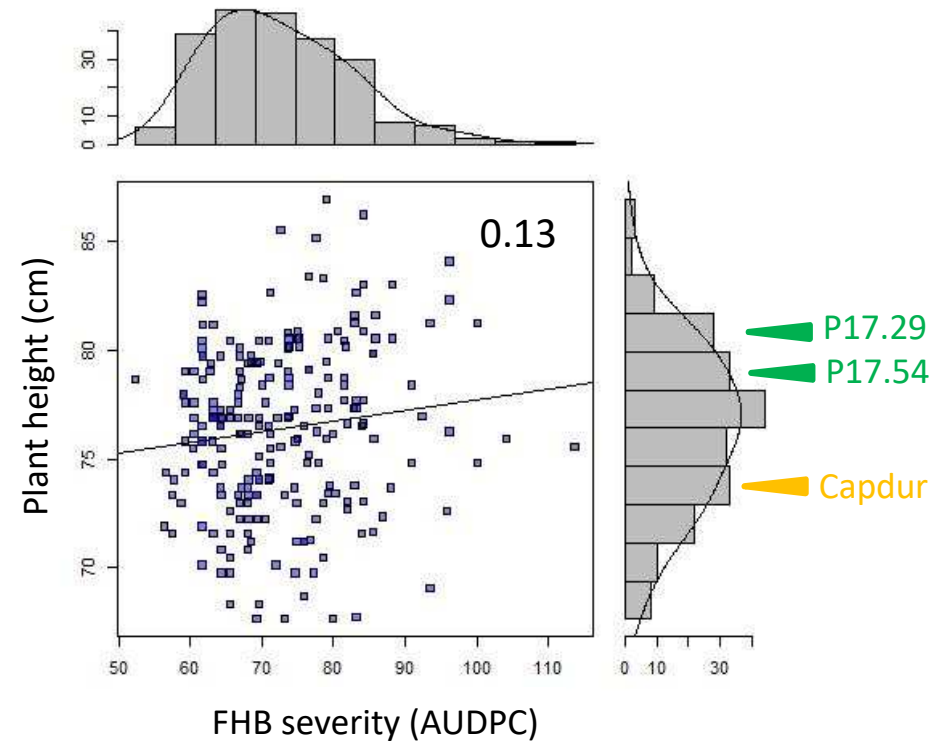
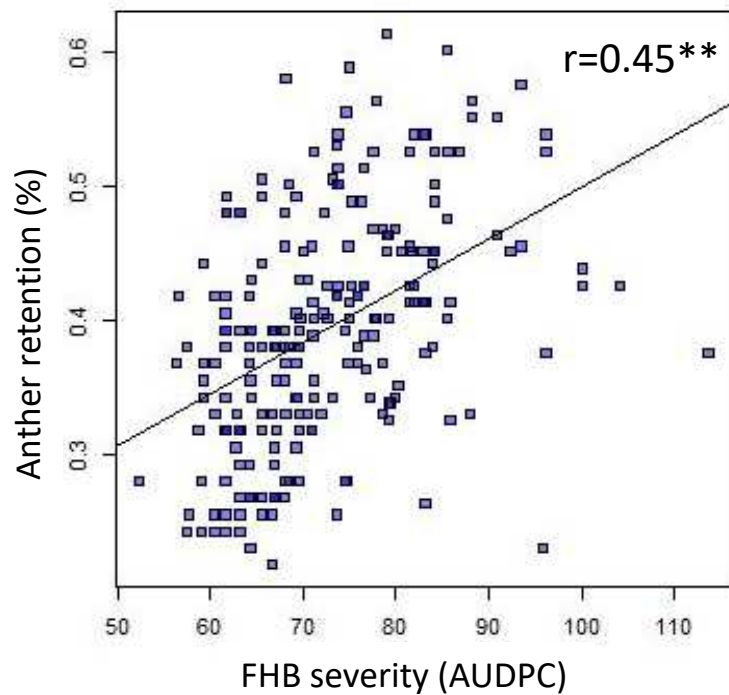


-> *Fhb1* effective in diverse durum backgrounds and combination with other resistance QTL

Combine high anther extrusion, *Fhb1* and *Rht-B1b* – ‘Capdur crosses’



Combine high anther extrusion, *Fhb1* and *Rht-B1b* – ‘Capdur crosses’



Also in durum wheat -> high anther extrusion can be used as indicator trait for resistance to initial infection

FHB resistance breeding in durum wheat: summary and conclusions

- Exotic germplasm can enhance resistance levels
- Anther extrusion is associated with FHB resistance -> low-cost indirect selection
- Combine higher anther extrusion with resistance against fungal spread (e.g. *Fhb1*, *Fhb7*)
- Integrate trait associations in breeding decisions and GS approaches
-> Poster 51 Jose Moreno-Amores: Phenological and Environmental Influences on the Genomic Prediction of FHB Resistance
- Lines with favorable allele combinations implemented in breeding programs



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